

Post-Operative Guide: Dental Implants

Section 1: First 24 Hours

What to Expect

- Pain: Depends on number of implants and other procedures (extractions, bone grafting, etc.). More procedures = more pain. Worst usually in first 1–3 days.
 - → If pain increases again between days 3–7, call our office.
- **Bleeding:** Light bleeding for up to 24 hours is normal. Blood mixed with saliva looks heavier than it is. A little bleeding at bedtime is OK—use a towel on your pillow.
- **Swelling:** Related to number of implants and size of any graft. Swelling is usually worst days 1–4 and improves by days 7–10.
 - → If swelling increases again between days 3–7, call us.
- Sutures: You may feel them with your tongue—do not touch or pull them.
 - o Dissolving sutures may come out **2–14 days** after surgery.
 - o Non-dissolving sutures are removed in our office **2–6 weeks** after surgery.

Strict No-Can-Do's

- No rinsing for **24 hours**.
- No spitting, straws, suction, or pulling your lip/cheek to look at the site for 7 days.
- No rubbing or pressing on your face if bone grafting was done for **3 months**.
- No smoking or alcohol for **3 days**.
- No heavy activity (exercise, mowing, vacuuming, shoveling, sports) for 5 days.
- No hot foods or drinks (warm is OK) for 7 days.
- No spicy foods, chips, popcorn, carbonated drinks, or acidic juices (orange, grapefruit, etc.) for 14 days.

Things You SHOULD Do

• Gauze / Pressure:

If gauze was placed, bite gently but firmly without talking for 1 hour.

If bleeding continues, replace with damp gauze and bite for 30 minutes. Characteristics are placed with damp gauze and bite for 30 minutes.

If bleeding continues, replace with damp gauze and bite for 30 minutes. Change every 30–45 minutes as needed.

Cold Packs:

20 minutes on / 20 minutes off for the first **36 hours** next to the surgical area.

Medications:

Take all prescribed medications as directed, with food unless told otherwise.

• Oral Hygiene:

- No rinsing for **24 hours**.
- Starting the next day, you may brush and floss everywhere except directly on the surgical site (skip that area up to 2 weeks if needed).
- o **Do NOT use a Waterpik or water flosser** near the implant site—they are too traumatic.
- You may gently use prescription rinse. Do **not** rinse vigorously—just gently move your head side to side.

• Diet – First 24 Hours (Cold Only):

Soft, cool foods. Small bites. Chew away from the surgery.



- Drinks: smoothies, protein shakes, iced tea, milk, milkshakes (no straws), Boost/Ensure/Muscle Milk, water
- o Main: cold pasta, cold soup, cold mashed potatoes
- Desserts: applesauce, pudding, Jell-O, mousse, yogurt
- Vitamin Support:

Take a high-quality multivitamin with Vitamin D. We recommend DentaMedica Recovery Kit, designed for healing after dental surgery.

Section 2: Days 2–14

What to Expect

- Pain: Day 2 can be as bad or worse than day 1. Pain usually peaks during the first 3 days and should be mostly gone by 10–14 days.
 - → If pain or swelling increases again between days 3–7, call us.
- Bleeding: Light pink "oozing" is normal. If heavy bleeding continues past day 2, call the office.
- Swelling: May increase on day 2, then usually levels off by day 3 and begins to decrease by days 4–5.
 - → If swelling increases again between days 3–7, call us.
- **Bruising:** Common; may be black, blue, green, or yellow. Usually gone by **7 days**, sometimes lasts up to **14 days**.

Things You SHOULD Do

• Warm Packs:

After **24–36 hours**, you may switch from cold to warm packs (gentle warmth only).

• Diet – Days 2–14 (Soft, Warm or Cold – Never Hot):

Rule: If you can easily pinch through it, you can eat it.

Continue small bites and chew away from the surgical site.

- o **Drinks:** apple cider, coffee, tea (green, black, herbal)
- o **Breakfast:** scrambled eggs, omelets, oatmeal, French toast, pancakes, waffles, soft cereals
- Meals: soups, pasta, baked/steamed fish, frittata, stews, crock-pot meals, slow-cooked meats and veggies, mac and cheese, meatloaf
- Vitamins:

Continue multivitamin with Vitamin D.

Section 3: Day 15 and On

What to Expect

• Pain & Swelling:

You should not have major pain going into the **third week**. New or worsening pain or swelling—call us.

• Sutures:

- o Dissolvable sutures are usually gone by now.
- o Non-dissolving sutures are typically removed at your **2-week post-op** visit (sometimes later).
- o If you still feel a suture that should be gone, call the office.

Things to Avoid



- No Waterpik close to the surgical site for **1 month**.
- If bone grafting was done, avoid pressing or massaging the area for **3 months**—the bone must heal without outside pressure.

Things You SHOULD Do

- You should feel close to normal by week 2.
- Stop using the prescription oral rinse.
- Brush and floss carefully around the surgical area but **keep it very clean**.

Diet - Longer Term

- Continue small bites, chew on the **opposite side** of surgery.
- If surgery was done on both sides, continue the soft diet (Days 2-14 foods) until your 3-4
 month healing check.
- Continue multivitamin with **Vitamin D**.

Implant Integration

- Implants fuse to the bone (Osseointegration) over about 3–6 months, depending on:
 - o Your overall health
 - Amount of grafting
 - o Bone quality

Uncovering Your Implant (if covered)

- If your implant is under the gum, it will be **uncovered** after healing.
- At the uncovering visit:
 - o A small opening is made in the gum.
 - o A **Healing Cap** is attached to the implant and extends slightly above the gum to shape the tissue and create access for the future crown.

Your Final Crown

- After the Healing Cap is placed, the gums need at least 2 weeks (sometimes longer) to stabilize.
- When the gums are stable, your general/restorative dentist designs and places your **final crown**.

Section 4: Maintaining Your Results

Daily Home Care

• Brushing:

Brush your teeth and implants twice daily for 2 minutes.

Focus on the **gum line**, not just the crown. Bacteria that cause implant disease hide between implant and gums.

Flossing:

Floss your teeth and implants once daily.

Implants are circular—floss them like you're polishing a shoe or drying with a towel. Ask us to show you the technique.

• Dental Visits:

- o If you have a history of periodontal (gum) disease: visit your dentist every 3 months.
- o If you do not: at least every 6 months.

Implant Disease Is Sneaky

- Implants don't have nerves, so early disease usually doesn't hurt.
- Infections can "smolder" under the gums until damage is severe.



• By the time you feel pain, damage may already be **irreversible**.

Risk Factors to Reduce or Eliminate

Factors linked to early implant loss or implant disease:

- History of periodontal disease
- Smoking (cigarettes, cigars, pipes, marijuana, vaping)
- Poorly controlled diabetes
- Cardiovascular disease
- SSRI medications
- Vitamin D deficiency

Emergency Contact

- Dr. John Thousand 303-250-4091
- Dr. Hailey McKinley 812-661-0931
- Dr. Michael Romani 559-300-9953
- Dr. Jessica Koster 214-608-8046

Scan for Instructions



• Post-op instructions for dental implants – scan this code \rightarrow



• Instructions for cleaning dental implants – scan this code →